the strikingly unusual coloration of this Dog. It is a small animal, with numerous long white hairs dorsally. The face, chest, and much of the belly are black. Its aspect distinctly recalls that of a Raccoon,[1] especially in the black patches below

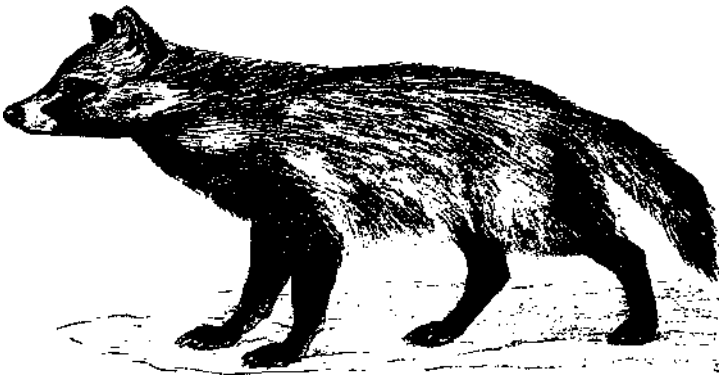

FIG. 206.—Raccoon-like Dog. *Nyctereut&s procyonides.* x J.

the eyes, whence of course the scientific name and the pseudo-vernacular " !Raccoon-like Dog." It inhabits China and Japan. As to structure, there is hardly anything that justifies its ex-clusion from the genus *Oanis.* Garrod, however, mentions the unusually large size of the Spigelian lobe of the liver.

Wortman and Malkens[2] have instituted a genus *JSTotJiocyon* for Dr. Mivart's species *C. urostictus** and *O. yarwidens,* which are both South American forms.

The genus *Otocyon* contains but one species, *O. megalotis,* an African species, ranging pretty widely in that continent (from the Cape to Somaliland, in sandy districts), and sometimes con-fused with the Fennec on account of its long ears. Its prin-cipal structural difference from other Dogs is that there is an additional molar in each jaw, the molar formula being thus M ^ or even -J. Moreover the carnassial teeth are not so pro-nounced, and Professor Huxley laid especial stress upon the

[1] **The relationship between tlie Canidae and the Procyonidae must not be lost sight of in considering this point of external likeness.**
[2] ***Bull. ^nicr. Mus. N~at. JEKst.*** **xii. 1900, p. 100.**
[3] ***Proc. Zool. Soc.*** **1890, p. 98.**